

doubting there is anything like har- period. meny."

one fashion in lines, last year there and its effects upon the wearer and was another, next year there will be those who gaze upon the wearer. still another, and each will be dif- The same truths hold in the lines of ferent. All of these cannot be the fashion. true lines. Which one is right?

Then I know that those who ask really have in mind the hideous bustles, the spreading crinolines, the atrocious shoulder puffs and so on of other days.

But these were excrescences, false leads, nightmare developments, which soon met their end. The true lines of fashion are very, very old ones. The Greeks knew them. The tory, the wonders of the Elgin marwomen of the Orient have known bles and so on. them for ages.

the lines that will truly and best tirely harmonious. Try the effect of bring out the natural and inherent a bustle on the Venus de Milo, or of beauty of the perfect woman figure. a crinoline, and see how absurd the They are the lines that will hide or figure becomes, how utterly annihidisguise any departure from the lated is its dignity and nobility. It right mould of nature.

They are not the lines that add the faintest grotesquerie or exaggeration to the figure.

The body itself, the perfect body, can never be in bad taste. And so. therefore, the fashion which harmonizes and conforms to the lines of

The true lines of fashion must garner bad if they did.

I answer-"To doubt it is like ter by whom it is made or of what

In another article I have outlined, But, they say, this year there is too briefly, my philosophy of color

> The ancient Greek woman was gracious, lovely, beautiful because, among other things, she suffered no external dis-harmonies of garb to check these qualities from within. Of course I speak of the type that impressed itself upon the genius of the race and that gave the fruit of the Venus de Milo, the Winged Vic-

Line of dress and natural line of Their secret is simple. They are the women are absolutely and enbecomes a thing to be laughed at. pitifully absurd.

> And if this is so of a statue, now much more is it so of the mobile thing that is the body of a living

I do not mean that women ought that body cannot be in bad taste. But to go about in the flowing robes of enything that departs from it runs the ancient Greeks-although I honat once the risk of falsity, ugliness. estly do not think it would be alto-

have first then-naturalness. Second 3ut I do mean that they could well

Neck and Base of Skirt. seize the inner thought of which woman, a woman built on heroic those robes were but one symbol, lines, who, though called fat by the one materialization-the ideal of unthinking, is not fat at all. Such

A Charming New Winter Costume

by "Lucile," Showing the New

Arrangement of Fur Around

naturalness. for a very fat woman to attain this is more of a margin left for error. ideal when her own body is inhar- A little intelligent study will obviate monious, or a very thin woman when this danger and give them their right she is equally essentially inharmo- harmonies.

power can conquer her fat. The down to one. woman. There is a type of large tion.

the Front" harmony and simplicity and true women lend themselves admirably to the true lines. Their only danger is You ask me, "How is it possible that the canvas is so large that there

One of the Very Latest Walking

Dresses by "Lucile," Show-

ing the "Buttons Up

The very thin woman has an ad-To the first I answer: It is not at vantage that the very fat woman has all necessary, except in a few cases not. It is always easier to disguise of actual disease, to be fat. In most the lack of certain physical qualities women fat is the result of laziness, than it is to hide a superabundance wrong eating or neglect. Any woman of them. And it is easier to build who has enough courage and will up to a standard than it is to drill

woman who hasn't enough of those Nevertheless, it is important to two qualities is not the kind that has know that there is a standard, that enough of the eternal strength in her the standard can be attained and to be a true type. I speak now, of that the matter of real beauty and course, of the really offensively fat taste rests on so simple a foundaapplication of dry heat through sary apparatus.

ties of surface tissues are removed with such as the tongue and inner surfaces of the out disturbing blood vessels or normal tis- lip, the results of desiccation compare favorsue. A small point of diseased tissue ably with those obtained in localized skin canmay be destroyed without affecting the sur- cers, although there is not quite the same asrounding area. The curing process, while dry- surance of success, because one cannot be sure ing up and causing the abnormal tissue to dis- that the adjacent glands are not involved. appear, seals up and protects the blood and In absolutely inoperable cases of cancer, growth to be removed is a malignant one.

suring rapid repair. Further, the high tension is sometimes justified. As ordinary operations current has an anaesthetising property which are out of the question, such treatments at least makes the application bearable, even upon delay the progress of the disease and add to mucus points surrounding the eyeball. The the patient's comfort. a sheet of white paper without charring or dis- eruptions. the fingers.

Morbid growths which extend to a consid- value.

EDICAL records are mul- erable depth beneath the skin yield to the destiplying cases of morbid iccating treatment. The treatment, as upon growths on the surface the face, is not disfiguring, there being no seof the body and upon accessible quel of scar tissue. The only disadvantage is mucous membranes cured by the the expense and cumbersomeness of the neces-

the medium of instruments con- No needle or knife is inserted into the growth nected with high tension electric to be removed. In fact, the instrument does currents. This is called curing not come into actual contact with the patient's body. Following are some of the conditions A special advantage of this reported by Dr. William L. Clarke to the Amertreatment is that moles, ulcers, ican Medical Association as cured in this way:

abscesses and other abnormali- In localized cancer of the mucous membranes.

lymph channels-which is important when the whether of the skin or mucous membranes, the main growth may be desiccated. Some unex-The process also includes sterilization, in- pected good results have shown that this course

degree of heat used is not sufficient to burn The desiccation treatment has been used with the diseased tissue, only to kill and dry it up, success in cases of lupus, acne and varicose so that it speedily disappears. A current strong and other ulcers, and meets with no resistance enough to do the work can be directed through in the more common forms of malignant skin

coloring the paper. Afterward the tissue In connection with the Roentgen ray treattreated can be pulverized and removed with men of deep-seated growths, desiccation by the electric current is declared to be of great